

DAV MODEL SCHOOL, KSTP, ASANSOL
HOLIDAY HOMEWORK WORKSHEET 1

SESSION 2024 – 25

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

CLASS: VII

NAME _____ CLASS ____ SEC ____ ROLL NO ____

1. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions.

Dry fruits are useful in various diseases of the brain, muscles and tissues. Particularly almond has got unique properties to remove brain weakness and strengthen it.

Almond preserves the vitality of the brain, strengthens the muscles, destroys diseases originating from nervous and bilious disorders.

Walnut is another dry fruit that possesses wonderful qualities of curing brain weakness. According to Dr. Johnson, almonds, figs, grapes, dates, apples and oranges are rich-in phosphoric element and should normally be used by brain workers. Phosphorus nourishes the vital tissues of the body. It keeps the mind full of enthusiasm for more work.

a) Why are dry fruits useful?

Ans. _____

b) Write any two properties of almond.

Ans. _____

c) Name some dry fruits in which phosphoric element is profusely found.

Ans. _____

d) Find a word from the passage which means 'unusual'.

Ans. _____

2. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate articles:

1. He told me _____ interesting story yesterday.
2. He has _____ keen eye for detail.
3. The minister ordered _____ official inquiry into the incident.
4. Raju is _____ accomplished cook. The dinner he gave us yesterday was delicious.
5. I reserved _____ table for three.

3. State the whether the following sentences are simple, complex or compound:

- a) If you eat too much you will get fat.
- b) I will have a think and let you know.
- c) I wasn't the cleverest but I was the most beautiful.
- d) We got our roof blown off in the storm last week.
- e) I went to see him, but he told me to get out.

4. Join the simple sentences into a compound sentence using appropriate coordinating conjunctions and re-write them:

- a) He was nervous. He did well.

- b) She must weep. She will die.

- c) The sun rose. The sun filled the sky with light.

- d) Rishi came home. He began to work.

5. Fill in the blanks with correct conjunctions from the aid box:

Aid Box [either....or, yet, not only...but also, or, but]

- a) Ritu _____ loves to travel _____ likes to write journals on them.
- b) I wasn't feeling well _____ I attended my class today.
- c) For Vitamin C, you can take tablets _____ eat citrus fruits.
- d) _____ you work hard _____ be prepared for a poor result.

DAV MODEL SCHOOL, KSTP, ASANSOL

HOLIDAY HOMEWORK WORKSHEET 2

SESSION 2024 – 25

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

CLASS: VII

NAME _____ CLASS ___ SEC ___ ROLL NO _____

1. Answer the following questions :

(a) How many other monkeys did the street entertainer have from whom grandfather bought Tutu ?
At what price was Tutu bought?

Ans _____

(b) Why does the child call the bird birdie? Why does the child use the word 'birdie' twice?

Ans _____

2. Read the extract and tick the correct option:

"The jeweller with a cry of anguish, plunged into the canal... It was to be a treasure hunt."

i. Name the lesson

a) Birdie, Will You Pet b) The Diamond Necklace c) The Hero d) Monkey Trouble

ii. Name the author.

a) R.K. Narayan b) Sarojini Naidu c) Ruskin Bond d) W. Allingham

iii. After how many minutes was the necklace found?

a) 20 minutes b) 45 minutes c) 6 minutes d) None of these

iv. Who found the necklace?

a) Tutu b) Rocky c) Aunt Ruby d) the narrator

D.A.V. MODEL SCHOOL
HOLIDAY HOMEWORK WORKSHEET - I

CLASS : VII

SUBJECT : BENGALI

NAME : _____ SEC: _____ ROLL: _____

TOPICS: (জলসত্র, মাস্টারমহাশয়, ব্যঞ্জনসন্ধি)

১) নিচের প্রশ্নগুলোর উত্তর দাও :

ক) 'জলসত্র' গল্পে কোন্ মাসের গরমের কথা লিপিবদ্ধ হয়েছে ?

উঃ _____

খ) "তার ভূষণ অনেকটা কমে গেল" - কী কারণে ভূষণ কমে গেল ?

উঃ _____

গ) শিরোমনি মহাশয় কেন জল খেতে চাইলেন না ?

উঃ _____

ঘ) "মাস্টারমহাশয়" গল্পটি কার লেখা ?

উঃ _____

ঙ) গোসাইগঞ্জের মাস্টারের নাম কী ?

উঃ _____

২) শূন্যস্থান পূরণ কর :

ক) নবাবগঞ্জ থেকে রতনপুর পর্যন্ত মাঠটা _____ ক্রোশের বেশি হবে তো কম নয়।

খ) প্রকাণ্ড বটগাছটা প্রায় _____ বিঘা জমি জুড়ে আছে।

গ) _____ কাছারির ইদারার জল সে তো একেবারে বরফ।

ঘ) বিচারের দিন স্থির হইল আগামী _____ পূর্ণিমা।

ঙ) _____ বন্যা যে সমস্ত ভাসাইয়া লইয়া গিয়াছে।

৩) অর্থ লেখ :

ক) পিপাসাতুর - _____ খ) তীক্ষ্ণ - _____

৪) নিচের প্রশ্নটির যথাযথ উত্তর দাও।

" জয় গোসাইগঞ্জের জয় ! জয় হীরু দত্তের জয় " - হঠাৎ জনতার এই উল্লাস করার কারণটি কি ছিল বলে

তোমার মনে হয় তা নিজের ভাষায় বর্ণনা কর।

উঃ -

৫) সঠিক উত্তরটি বেছে লেখ :

ক) ধ্বনির লিখিত রূপ হল (বর্গ / শব্দ / বর্ণ / কোনোটিই নয়)।

খ) 'অপ্ + দ' যুক্ত করলে হয় (আদ্ / অদ্ / অদ্ব / অপদ্)।

গ) 'ত' বর্গের (ত বা দ) পরে 'ট' বর্গ (ড বা ঢ) থাকলে 'ত' বা 'দ' স্থানে হয় (ট / ড / ঢ / ঠ)।

ঘ) প্রতিটি বর্গে আছে পরপর (৩ টি / ৪ টি / ৫ টি / ৬ টি) করে বর্ণ।

ঙ) স্বরধ্বনির সাথে স্বরধ্বনির মিলনে হয় (স্বরসন্ধি / ব্যঞ্জন সন্ধি / বিসর্গ সন্ধি)।

৬) সত্য / মিথ্যা নির্ণয় কর :

ক) যে নিয়ম অনুযায়ী সন্ধি হয় তাকে সন্ধির সূত্র বলে। _____

খ) 'ত' বা 'দ' এর পর 'শ' থাকলে 'ত' বা 'দ' স্থানে 'ছ' হয় এবং 'শ' স্থানে 'চ' হয়। _____

গ) যজ্ + ন = যজ্ঞ - এই সন্ধিবদ্ধ পদটিতে 'চ' বর্গের বর্ণের পরে 'ন' আছে ,তাই 'ন' স্থানে 'ঞ' হয়েছে। _____

ঘ) সৎ + চরিত্র = সচ্চরিত্র। _____

ঙ) ষশ্ + থ = ষষ্ঠ । _____

৭) সঠিক উত্তরটিতে ✓ চিহ্ন দাও :

ক) মন্তব্য : তারার্দ কচুচুধির মাঠের বটতলায় জলসত্র স্থাপন করেন।

যুক্তি : তারার্দদের বোন তাকে স্বপ্নে জলসত্র স্থাপনের অনুরোধ জানায়।

i) মন্তব্য ঠিক, যুক্তি ভুল

ii) মন্তব্য ও যুক্তি দুটিই ঠিক

iii) মন্তব্য ভুল, যুক্তি ঠিক

iv) মন্তব্য ও যুক্তি দুটিই ভুল

খ) মন্তব্য : মাধব শিরোমণি মহাশয় সদ্গোপের হাতে জল পান করেন।

যুক্তি ১ : শিরোমণি মহাশয় জানতেন না ব্যক্তিটি জাতিতে সদ্গোপ।

যুক্তি ২ : জলসত্র প্রতিষ্ঠার করুন কাহিনী তার মানসিকতার পরিবর্তন ঘটায়।

i) যুক্তি ১ ঠিক, যুক্তি ২ ভুল

ii) যুক্তি ১ ও ২ দুটিই ঠিক

iii) যুক্তি ২ ঠিক, যুক্তি ১ ভুল

iv) যুক্তি ১ ও ২ দুটিই ভুল

গ) মন্তব্য : হারান মাস্টার উচ্চস্বরে বলিল - 'আমি জানি না'।

যুক্তি ১ : হারান মাস্টারের উত্তরটি সত্যিই জানা ছিল না।

যুক্তি ২ : হারান মাস্টারকে জিজ্ঞাসা করা প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তরই তিনি দিয়েছিলেন।

i) যুক্তি ১ ঠিক, যুক্তি ২ ভুল

ii) যুক্তি ১ ও ২ দুটিই ঠিক

iii) যুক্তি ২ ঠিক, যুক্তি ১ ভুল

iv) যুক্তি ১ ও ২ দুটিই ভুল

ঘ) মন্তব্য : দন্ + শ = দনশ

যুক্তি : ন - এর পরে উষ্মবর্ণ থাকলে সেই ন - ং (অনুস্বার) হয়ে যায়।

i) মন্তব্য ঠিক, যুক্তি ভুল

ii) মন্তব্য ও যুক্তি দুটিই ঠিক

iii) মন্তব্য ভুল, যুক্তি ঠিক

iv) মন্তব্য ও যুক্তি দুটিই ভুল

ঙ) মন্তব্য : উৎ + লাস = উল্লাস

যুক্তি : 'ত' বর্ণের পরে ল থাকলে 'ত' বা 'দ' স্থানে 'ৎ' বা 'ল' হয়।

i) মন্তব্য ঠিক, যুক্তি ভুল

ii) মন্তব্য ও যুক্তি দুটিই ঠিক

iii) মন্তব্য ভুল, যুক্তি ঠিক

iv) মন্তব্য ও যুক্তি দুটিই ভুল

চ) বর্তমান পাহাড়ের প্রাকৃতিক পরিবেশ ও মনোরম আবহাওয়া পরিবর্তনের প্রধান কারণ হলো নির্বিচারে গাছ

কেটে ফেলা। এ বিষয়ে তোমার মতামত জানিয়ে প্রিয় বন্ধুকে একটি পত্র লেখ।

উঃ - _____

Activity : ১) শ্রেণিকক্ষে ব্যবহৃত পাঁচটি বস্তুর নাম চিত্রসহ বাংলা ও তামিল ভাষায় লেখ।

২) ব্যঞ্জন সন্ধির যেকোনো পাঁচটি সূত্র রেখাচিত্রের সাহায্যে বর্ণনা কর।

[DO THESE TWO ACTIVITIES IN COLOUR A4 PAGE AND PASTE THEM NICELY IN YOUR BENGALI CLASS WORK COPY]

D.A.V. MODEL SCHOOL, KSTP, ASANSOL

HOLIDAY HOMEWORK / WORKSHEET

SESSION 2024-2025

CLASS : VII

SUBJECT: HINDI

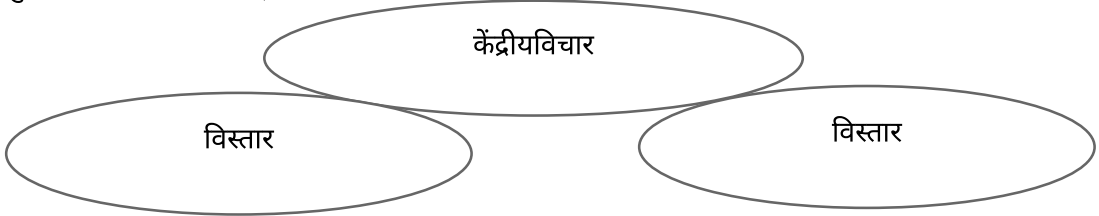
Name _____ Section: _____ Roll No. _____ ADM.No. _____

1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर आरेख में लिखिए-

सच्चा मित्र एक शिक्षक की भाँति होता है। जिस प्रकार शिक्षक अपने छात्र को सन्मार्ग की ही ओर अग्रसर करता है, उसी प्रकार एक सच्चा मित्र अपने मित्र को पाप की गर्त में गिरने से बचाता है। मानव-जीवन अधिक रहस्यपूर्ण है। कभी-कभी जीवन में ऐसे अवसर उपस्थित हो जाते हैं, जब मनुष्य की धर्म-बुद्धि नष्ट हो जाती है और उसका मन तेज़ गति से पाप की ओर दौड़ता है। ऐसे समय में मित्र का ही उपदेश अधिक कल्याणकारी सिद्ध होता है। मित्र के उपदेश का जितना प्रभाव हृदय पर पड़ता है, उतना और किसी का नहीं।

(क) गद्यांश का केंद्रीय(मुख्य) विचार क्या है?

(ख) दो बिंदुओं में विस्तार से लिखिए जो गद्यांश के केंद्रीय विचार का समर्थन करते हैं।



(ग) मित्र शब्द के लिए दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए।

(घ) सच्चा मित्र किसके भाँति होता है ?

(ङ) मित्र हमारी कैसे सहायता करते हैं ?

2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उचित विकल्प वाले उत्तर छोटकर लिखिए -

(क) निम्न में से कौन-सा संयुक्त व्यंजन नहीं है ?

(i) बिल्ली (ii) त्योहार (iii) पुरस्कार (iv) चंद्रमा

(ख) राकेश ने अपने साथियों को नाटक के दिन फिर से खास-खास हिदायतें दी। - रेखांकित शब्द का अर्थ है।

(i) मार्गदर्शन (ii) पथभ्रष्ट (iii) पुरस्कृत (iv) अधिकार

(ग) पोशाक शब्द का बहुवचन है _____

(i) पोशाकें (ii) पशाको (iii) पोशाकी (iv) पोशोको

(घ) उचित संबंध वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए - अल्पप्राण : क :: महाप्राण : ?

(i) ख (ii) च (iii) ज (iv) ज

(ङ) भारतीय क्रिकेट टीम ने विश्वकप के खेल में दुश्मनों के _____ दिए।

(i) मैल छुड़ाना (ii) पीछा छुड़ाना (iii) छाता छुड़ाना (iv) छक्के छुड़ाना

3. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर 25 से 30 शब्दों में लिखिए -

(क) राकेश अपने साथियों की मूर्खता के कारण घबरा रहा था। क्यों?

(ख) राकेश को क्या हुआ था, जिससे वह नाटक में अभिनय नहीं कर सका?

(ग) फागुन महीना की क्या विशेषता है?

4. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर 40 से 50 शब्दों में लिखिए -

(क) हिंदी और अंग्रेजी महीनों के नाम लिखकर बताइए कि हिंदी का कौन-सा महीना अंग्रेजी के किस महीने में आता है?

(ख) ग्रीष्म ऋतु में क्या-क्या होता है ? पाठ 'बारहमासा' के आधार पर लिखिए। आपके लिए यह ऋतु कब विशेष बन जाती है?

D.A.V. MODEL SCHOOL, KSTP, ASANSOL
HOLIDAY HOME WORK (WORKSHEET-1)
SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

CLASS: VII

Name _____ **Roll No:** _____ **Section:** _____

A. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. Which of the following is a rational number?
A) $\sqrt{2}$ B) π C) $\frac{4}{9}$ D) $\frac{11}{10}$
2. What is the reciprocal of $\frac{7}{5}$?
A) $\frac{7}{5}$ B) $\frac{5}{7}$ C) $\frac{35}{7}$ D) $\frac{35}{5}$
3. Which of the following is in standard form?
A) $\frac{2}{4}$ B) $\frac{-2}{4}$ C) $\frac{-1}{2}$ D) $\frac{2}{-4}$
4. Which of the following is the smallest rational no.?
A) $\left| \frac{-4}{5} \right|$ B) $\left| \frac{-8}{5} \right|$ C) $\left| \frac{-7}{-5} \right|$ D) $\left| \frac{-3}{5} \right|$
5. **Assertion (A):** $-1, 0, 3, 14/93$ All are examples of rational numbers.
Reason(R): All integers and fractions are rational numbers.
A) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
B) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
C) If assertion is true but reason is false.
D) If assertion is false but reason is true.

B. SHORT TYPE QUESTIONS

6. Write four more rational numbers for the following pattern: $\frac{-3}{5}, \frac{-6}{10}, \frac{-9}{15}, \frac{-12}{20}, \dots$

7. Fill in the boxes using $>$, $<$, and $=$
(i) $\frac{-5}{7}$ [] $\frac{2}{3}$ (ii) $\frac{-8}{5}$ [] $\frac{-7}{4}$
8. Represent $-5\frac{1}{4}$ on a number line.

C. LONG TYPE QUESTIONS

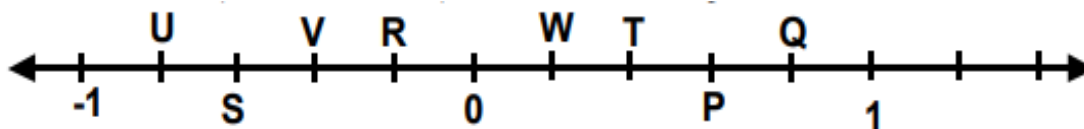
9. Find the reciprocal of $\frac{4}{5} \times \left(\frac{3}{-8}\right)$

10. Simplify: $\left|\frac{5}{7} - \frac{2}{3}\right| + \left|\frac{3}{14} - \frac{5}{7}\right|$

D. CASE BASED QUESTION

11. In Maths, a rational number is a type of real number, which is in the form of p/q where q is not equal to zero. Any fraction with non-zero denominators is a rational number.

Aditya is studying in Class VII and he was drawing the points P, Q, R, S, T, U and V on the number line such that, $US = SV = VR$, and $WT = TP = PQ$.



Answer the following questions based on the above information:

- i. The rational number represented by Q
A) $\frac{3}{5}$ (B) $\frac{2}{5}$ (C) $\frac{4}{5}$ (D) None of these
- ii. The rational number represented by R
A) $\frac{3}{5}$ (B) $\frac{2}{5}$ (C) $\frac{4}{5}$ (D) None of these
- iii. The rational number represented by S
A) $\frac{3}{5}$ (B) $\frac{2}{5}$ (C) $\frac{4}{5}$ (D) None of these
- iv. The rational number represented by T
A) $\frac{3}{5}$ (B) $\frac{2}{5}$ (C) $\frac{4}{5}$ (D) None of these

HOLIDAY HOME WORK (WORKSHEET-2)

A. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. What is the product of $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$?
A) $\frac{6}{12}$ B) $\frac{2}{6}$ C) $\frac{1}{2}$ D) $\frac{2}{4}$
2. What is the difference between $\frac{5}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{6}$?
A) $\frac{4}{6}$ B) $\frac{3}{6}$ C) $\frac{1}{3}$ D) $\frac{5}{12}$
3. Find the quotient of $\frac{6}{8}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.
A) $\frac{1}{2}$ B) $\frac{3}{4}$ C) $\frac{4}{3}$ D) $\frac{2}{3}$
4. The additive inverse of $\frac{-3}{4}$ is?
A) $\frac{-3}{4}$ B) $\frac{-4}{3}$ C) $\frac{4}{3}$ D) $\frac{3}{4}$
5. **Assertion (A):** Rational numbers are always closed under division.
Reason(R): Division by zero is not defined.
A) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
B) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
C) If assertion is true but reason is false.
D) If assertion is false but reason is true.

B. SHORT TYPE QUESTIONS

6. Find the value of: $\frac{7}{24} - \frac{17}{36}$
7. Write two such rational numbers whose multiplicative inverse is same as they are.
8. What no. Should be added to $\frac{-3}{7}$ to get 1?

C. LONG TYPE QUESTIONS

9. Verify that: $(X - Y)^{-1} \neq X^{-1} - Y^{-1}$; Where $x = \frac{-1}{2}$, $y = \frac{3}{2}$

10. Insert six rational numbers between: $\frac{-8}{3}$ and $\left|\frac{-8}{3}\right|$

D. CASE BASED QUESTION

11. "Teacher, why I can't get full credit for this question?"

"Your answer is correct, but you didn't use the correct method, so I am going to give you half credit."

Actually what Tom did was simply cancel the two "6" that appear in the question as shown:

$$\frac{ab}{bc} = \frac{a}{c}$$
$$\frac{16}{64} = \frac{1}{6} \frac{6}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Although Tom had got the correct answer, his method was wrong since 16 and 64 are 10+6 and 60+4 but not 1×6 and 6×4 . Therefore, the "6" cannot be cancelled as shown in this method. But sometimes Tom's method is lucky and computes the correct solution.

1. For which of these fractions will Tom's method give a correct answer?

A) $\frac{12}{24}$ B) $\frac{14}{42}$ C) $\frac{13}{39}$ D) $\frac{19}{95}$

2. The standard form of $\frac{-48}{60}$ is?

A) $\frac{48}{60}$ B) $\frac{-60}{48}$ C) $\frac{-4}{5}$ D) $\frac{-4}{-5}$

3. Which of the following is equivalent to $4/5$?

A) $\frac{5}{4}$ B) $\frac{16}{25}$ C) $\frac{16}{20}$ D) $\frac{15}{25}$

4. Which is greater number in the following?

A) $\frac{-1}{2}$ B) 0 C) $\frac{1}{2}$ D) -2

5. If $\frac{-5}{7} = \frac{x}{28}$, the value of x is :

A) -20 B) 20 C) -30 D) 30

DAV MODEL SCHOOL, KSTP, ASANSOL
HOLIDAY HOMEWORK
SESSION : 2024-25

CLASS : VII

SUBJECT: SCIENCE

Q1. Land and sea breeze occurs due to _____.

- a) Conduction b) Convection c) Radiation d) All of them

Q2. $\text{HCl} + \text{KOH} \longrightarrow \text{KCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$

(1) (2) (3) (4)

- a) 1-base,2-salt,3-acid,4-water b) 1-salt,2-base,3-acid,4-water
c) 1-acid,2-base,3-salt,4-water d) 1-base,2-acid,3-salt,4-water

Q3. Coloured leaves of red cabbage can-

- a) Not perform photosynthesis as they contain no chlorophyll
b) Perform photosynthesis as they have masked chlorophyll
c) Not perform photosynthesis as they have additional pigments
d) The additional pigments perform photosynthesis

Q4 and Q5 are Assertion-and-Reason Type

Each question consists of two statements, namely, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). For selecting the correct answer, use the following code:

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are the true and Reason (R) is a correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are the true but Reason (R) is not a correct explanation of Assertion (A).
(c) Assertion (A) is true and Reason (R) is false.
(d) Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is true.

Q4. **Assertion :** The metal used in a glass thermometer is mercury.

Reason : Mercury remains in liquid state for a long time and does not cling to the capillary tube.

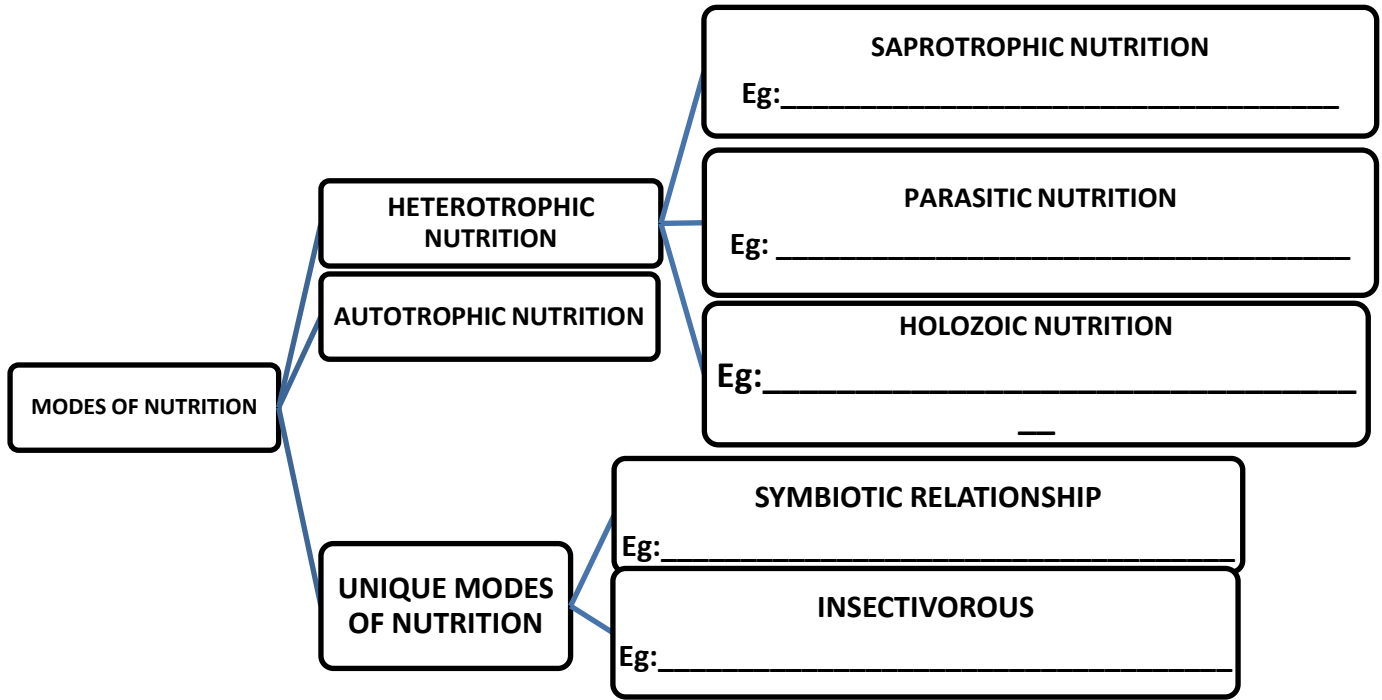
Q5. **Assertion :** The polar air are colder than the air in the latitudes.

Reason : Wind currents are set up from poles towards warmer latitudes.

Q6-Q7 are short questions and needs to be written in 20-30 words.

Q6. State why does a soft drink glass bottle often cracks when left in the freezer compartment for a long time.

Q7. Complete the following webchart.



Q8. A frying pan has a black bottom and a wooden or plastic handle. Why?

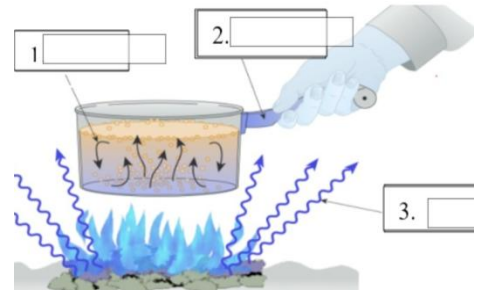
Q9. Mehul found a thermometer in the medical box at her home. She knows that her mother uses this to measure her temperature when she has fever. On closely observing it she found a slight bend in its capillary tube.

(i) What is this bend or kink called ? What is its importance?

(ii) What is the temperature calibration in a clinical thermometer? Why?

(iii) How is a clinical thermometer different from a digital thermometer?

Q10. Label 1,2 and 3. Differentiate between the three.



DAV MODEL SCHOOL, KSTP,ASANSOL

Sample Worksheet 1

SESSION 2024-2025

Class: VII

Subject: Social Science

NAME: _____ Sec: ____ Roll No.: _____ Adm. NO. _____

1. Answer the following mcq questions

a. The domain of water is referred to as

(a) Lithosphere (b) Ecosystem (c) Biosphere (d) Hydrosphere

b. Atmosphere is

(a) It is the liquid crust or the hard top layer of the earth

(b) It is the thin layer of air that surrounds the earth

(c) It is the thick layer of air that surrounds the earth

(d) It is the solid crust or the hard top layer of the earth

c. Lithosphere is made up of

(a) Soil and minerals (b) Rocks and minerals and Soil

(c) Minerals, soil and water (d) Water and rocks

d. Life bearing layer on the earth is

(a) Lithosphere (b) Hydrosphere (c) Atmosphere (d) Biosphere

e. What do plant and animal kingdom make together?

(a) Biosphere (b) Hydrosphere (c) Atmosphere (d) All the above

f. Akbarnama was written by

(a) Babur (b) Akbar (c) Abul Fazl (d) Amir Khusro

g. Many foreign invaders were attracted towards the of medieval India.

(a) Wealth (b) Cultural heritage (c) Monuments (d) None of the above

h. For the study of medieval periods, historians use

(a) Inscriptions (b) Paintings (c) Both a and b (d) None of the above

i. Which of the following is a literary source of history

(a) Chronicles of courts and travelogues (b) none of the above

(c) Autobiographies and Biographies (d) Both (A) and (B)

j. Who was Ibn Battuta?

(a) He was a Moorish traveller who came to India in the reign of Muhammad Bin Tughlaq.

(b) He was an Arab traveller who came to India in the reign of Jahangir.

(c) He was a Turkish traveller who came to India in the reign of Krishnadevaraya of Vijayabagar empire.

(d) None of these

k. Who drafted the Indian Constitution?

(A) Pt. J.L. Nehru (B) Mahatma Gandhi (c) Lal Bahadur Shastri

(D) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

l. Who is the father of the Indian Constitution?

(a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Jawahar lal Nehru (c) B.R. Ambedkar

(d) A. B. Bajpayee

m. Which one of the following is not responsible for weakening the Indian society

(a) Casteism (b) Education (c) Illiteracy (d) Poverty

n. According to the preamble who is constituting India into socialist secular and democratic republic

(a) The people of India (b) All our national leader

©The constitution itself (d)Representative of the people

o. The right to vote is guaranteed to Indians who are

- (a) highly educated (b) highly rich
- (c) schedule caste (d) citizens of India

2. Answer the following questions

a. Name the major components of the environment?

b. Which period is known as the medieval period in Indian history?

c. On which day India became an independent country and ended the foreign domination?

3. Answer the following questions

a. Mention the year when the Indian government passed the wildlife protection act and what was its purpose?

b. What was the main source of information about the medieval period and how it is helpful to us?

c. What is a Universal Adult Franchise?

4. Answer the following questions

a. Mention the significant achievements of the medieval period?

b. List the factors that create inequality and hampers the success of democracy?

c. Explain the difference between Lithosphere and Biosphere?

DAV MODEL SCHOOL, KSTP,ASANSOL
Sample Worksheet 2

SESSION 2024-2025

Class: VII

Subject: Social Science

NAME: _____ Sec: ____ Roll No.: _____ Adm. NO. _____

1. Answer the following mcq questions

a. Which of the following is biotic?

(a) Plants (b) Land (c) Water (d) Soil

b. _____ is the solid crust or the hard top layer of the earth

(a) Atmosphere (b) Land (c) Lithosphere (d) Biosphere

c. A _____ is necessary between the natural and human environment

(a) Perfect balance (b) Imperfect balance (c) Perfect imbalance

(d) Imperfect imbalance

d. What do plant and animal kingdom make together?

(a) Biosphere (b) Hydrosphere (c) Atmosphere (d) All the above

e. Who interacts with the environment and modify it according to their needs?

(a) Plants (b) Animals (c) Humans (d) Rivers

f. The Preamble declares India to be a Sovereign, Socialist, Democratic secular Republic.

(a) True (b) false

g. The right to vote is called -

(a) Adult franchise (b) Right to constitutional Remedies (c) none of them

h. The Indian constitution has provided the basis of political democracy by introducing _____

Or right to note.

(a) Universal Adult Franchise (b) Right to freedom (c) The Right to constitutional Remedies

i. India became a sovereign independent on _____ August, 1947

(a) 15 (b) 16 (c) 17

j. When did the constitution of India come into force?

(a) 15 August 1947 (b) 26 January 1948 (c) 26 January 1950

k. The period of 8 to 18 century in India is known as

(a) prehistoric period (b) ancient period (c) medieval period (d) modern period

l. Prithviraj Raso was written by

(a) Tulsidas (b) Chand Bardai (c) Aryabhatta (d) Abul Fazal

m. Name the language in which Ani-i Akbari was written

(a) Arabic (b) Persian (c) Urdu (d) Hindi

n. This significant achievements of medieval period was the popularity and availability of

(a) Autobiography (b) Literature (c) Paper (d) Manuscript

o. Tahqiq-i-hind is famous

(a) Documents (b) Story (c) Drama (d) Travel Account

2. Answer the following Questions :-

a. What is the distribution of water in the northern and southern hemisphere ?

b. What is preamble?

c. What is the need of the present times on the earth's surface?

3. Answer the following Questions:-

a. What are Hydrosphere?

b. Explain the scheme of mid-day meal ?

c. How can we prove that historical records of the ancient history are listed in variety of languages?

4. Answer the following Questions:-

a. "The main source of information of the medieval period are literature and archeological findings " Elaborate ?

b. What are the two ways our government of India has implemented under the right to Equality?

c. Explain the four spheres of environment?

5. On the outline map of the world show the given national parks

A .Gir National park -India

B. Jim Corbett National park -India

C. Yellowstone National park -USA

D. Firod land National park -New Zealand

D.A.V. MODEL SCHOOL, KSTP, ASANSOL
HOLIDAY HOME WORK (SUMMER VACATION)
SESSION: 2024-2025
WORK SHEET NO.:-1

SUBJECT: SANSKRIT

CLASS:VII

Name _____ **Roll No:** _____ **Section:** _____

1. अधोलिखितम् अनुच्छेदं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -

कश्चित् बलवान् सिंहः आसीत्। सः वनस्य राजा आसीत्। सर्वे पशवः सिंहात् भीताः आसन्। सिंहः प्रतिदिनं पशून् मारयति स्म। पशूनाम् संख्या न्यूनतरा अभवत्। सिंहात् भीताः पशवः गुहासु वसन्ति स्म। एकदा सिंहः बुभुक्षितः आसीत्। इतस्ततः भ्रमन् सः एकां गुहाम् अपश्यत्। सः अचिन्तयत्- अत्र अवश्यम् एव पशुः भविष्यति। अहं तम् खादित्वा तृप्तः भविष्यामि। एवम् एषा गुहा अपि मम भविष्यति।

(अ) एकपदेन उत्तरत-

(i) कः बलवान् आसीत्? (सिंहः/मृगः/पशुः)

उः _____

(ii) सर्वे पशवः कस्मात् भीताः आसन्? (वनात्/शृगालात्/सिंहात्)

उः _____

(आ) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत-

(i) सिंहः प्रतिदिनं कान् मारयति स्म?

उः _____

(ii) सत्यं ज्ञात्वा शृगालः किम् अकरोत्?

उः _____

2. विस्तारेण उत्तरत-

(i) सिंहः गुहां दृष्ट्वा किम् अचिन्तयत्?

उः _____

3. अधोलिखितं प्रदत्तप्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -

क) एकपदेन उत्तरत-

(i) सहपाठिनः बालस्य किं कुर्वन्ति स्म?

उ: _____

(ii) 'अभ्यासः एव अस्ति परमो गुरुः'। अत्र क्रियापदं किम्?

उ: _____

ख) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत-

(i) संसारे कः परमः गुरुः अस्ति ?

उ: _____

(ii) पुनः पुनः पठनेन का तीव्रा भवति?

उ: _____

4. गर्तं दृष्ट्वा बालकः किम् अचिन्तयत्?

उ: _____

5. अधोलिखित-वाक्यानि उचितधातुरुपैः पूरयत-

(i) आवाम् पाठं _____। (पठ् - लट्)

(ii) आवां दृश्यं _____। (दृश् - लङ्)

(iii) बालिकाः लेखं _____। (लिख् - लृट्)

(iv) सः गृहे _____। (स्था - लङ्)

6. निम्नलिखितानि वाक्यानि लङ्लकारे लृट् लकारे च परिवर्तयन्तु-

लट्लकारे

लङ्लकारे

लृट्लकारे

गजाः चलन्ति _____

अहं खादामि। _____

7. प्रश्नान् पठित्वा अधोलिखितेषु विकल्पेषु शुद्धं उत्तरं चित्वा लिखत -

(i) अभिकथनम् - पशूनां सङ्ख्या न्यूनतरा अभवत्।

तर्कः - सिंहः प्रतिदिनं पशून् मारयति स्म।

(क) 'अभिकथनम्' शुद्धम् अस्ति, 'तर्कः' अशुद्धः अस्ति।

(ख) अभिकथनम् ' अशुद्धम् अस्ति, 'तर्कः' शुद्धः अस्ति।

(ग) उभौ शुद्धौ।

(घ) उभौ अशुद्धौ।

उ: _____

(ii) अभिकथनम् – सिंहः वनस्य राजा आसीत्।

तर्कः – सः बुभूक्षितः न आसीत् ।

(क) 'अभिकथनम्' शुद्धम् अस्ति, 'तर्कः' अशुद्धः अस्ति।

(ख) अभिकथनम् ' अशुद्धम् अस्ति, 'तर्कः' शुद्धः अस्ति।

(ग) उभौ शुद्धौ।

(घ) उभौ अशुद्धौ।

उ: _____

8. मञ्जूषातः उचितानि अव्ययपदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयन्तु-

(i) त्वम् _____ मम प्रियं मित्रम्।

(ii) कच्छपः _____ चलति।

(iii) ईश्वरः _____ अस्ति।

मञ्जूषाः – शनैः शनैः, सर्वत्र, अपि

9. अधोलिखितेषु वाक्येषु कोष्ठकेषु प्रदत्तानि पदानि योजयित्वा वाक्यानि पुनः लिखन्तु –

(i) छात्रः विषयम् (अव+ गच्छति) ।

उ: _____

(ii) विमानम् आकाशे (उत् + पतति)

उ: _____

(iii) पिता फलानि (आ + नयति)

उ: _____

(iv) वानरः वृक्षम् (आ+रोहति)

उ: _____

10. चित्रं आधृत्य लिखितेषु वाक्येषु मञ्जूषायां प्रदत्त-शब्दानां सहायतया रिक्तस्थानानि कुर्वन्तु –



- (i) महर्षिः दयानन्दः _____ महापुरुषः आसीत्।
(ii) तस्य जन्म _____ अभवत्।
(iii) तस्य गुरुः _____ आसीत्।
(iv) सः _____ प्रचारम् अकरोत्।
(v) सः _____ अपि रचितवान्।

मञ्जूषा:

गुजरातप्रदेशे , स्वामी विरजानन्दः, सत्यार्थप्रकाशं, एकः, वेदधर्मस्या।

D.A.V.MODEL SCHOOL, KSTP, ASANSOL

WORKSHEET -1

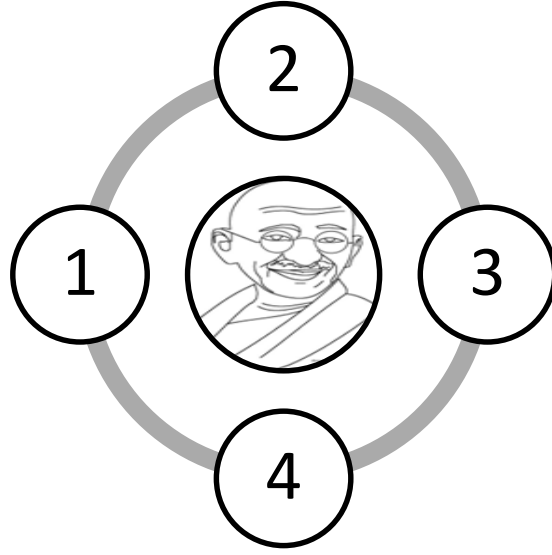
SESSION 2024-2025

Class: VII

Subject: HINDI(L3)

NAME: _____ SECTION : _____ ROLL NO: _____ ADM.NO: _____

Q.No.	Question	Marks
1.	<p>प्रस्तुत गद्यांश को पढ़ कर संज्ञा, अनुस्वार(बिंदु) और क्रिया वाले शब्द छाँट कर लिखिए-</p> <p>एक तपती दोपहर, सुमन और उसके दोस्तों ने पास के जंगल घूमने का फैसला किया। उन्होंने अपने साथ खाने के लिए कुछ नाश्ता रखा, अपनी लंबी पैदल यात्रा के लिए जूते पहने, और अपने साहसिक कार्य पर निकल पड़े। जैसे ही उन्होंने जंगल में प्रवेश किया, ऊँचे पेड़ों और पक्षियों की मधुर चहचहाहट ने उनका स्वागत किया। उन्होंने एक संकरी पगडंडी पर जाने का निर्णय लिया जो उन्हें जंगल में और अंदर ले गई। सुमन ने रास्ते में खिले हुए रंग-बिरंगे जंगली फूलों को देखा। अचानक उन्हें सरसराहट की आवाज सुनाई दी। उन्होंने पीछे मुड़कर देखा तो झाड़ियों के बीच से एक हिरण शालीनता से उछल रहा था। उत्साह से, उन सबने अपनी खोज जारी रखी और एक ठंडे पानी के झरने के पास आ गए। उन्होंने अपने पैरों को ठंडे पानी में डुबोया और एक-दूसरे पर चंचलता से छींटे मारे। कुछ देर आराम करने के बाद, वे अपने वन भ्रमण की साहसिक यादों को संजोते हुए और अपने ऊपर गर्व महसूस करते हुए घर वापस आ गए।</p> <p>संज्ञा <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>अनुस्वार <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>क्रिया शब्द <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p>	
2.	<p>प्रस्तुत कथनों को पढ़कर सही या गलत लिखिए-</p> <p>क) रात का विलोम शब्द 'दिन' है। _____</p> <p>ख) 'आप' संज्ञा शब्द का उदाहरण है। _____</p>	
3.	<p>अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द लिखते हुए उनके चित्र बनाइए-</p> <p>क) जी मरीजों का इलाज करे _____</p> <p>ख) जो जूते सिलता हो _____</p> <p>ग) जो सोने चाँदी के गहने बनाए _____</p>	
4.	<p>महात्मा गाँधीजी के अन्य कई नामों को माइंड मैप द्वारा दर्शायें।</p>	



5. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर (20 से 25) शब्दों में लिखिए -
 (क) जूतों की दुकान पर जाते हुए सुप्पंदी ने क्या बातें सीखी?

(ख) गिरने पर हिम्मत क्यों नहीं हारनी चाहिए?

6. 'समय' पर (60 शब्दों में) अनुच्छेद लिखिए।